HEAT VS ICE

A guide to hot and cold treatment options from Marshfield Clinic & Shine 365.

HEATING PAD

Use on strains example: hamstring

Goal: Stretch the muscle.

Instructions: Apply heat for 5-10 minutes to increase blood flow to the muscle. Avoid any open wounds and put a barrier between the heating pad and your leg.

Variation: Apply heat 5-10 minutes, stretch; then apply heat another 5-10 minutes. Continue this rotation to ease into stretching.

HOT WATER BOTTLE

Use on larger muscle mass example: quads, upper thigh

Goal: Increase movement with less pain.

Instructions: Apply heat for 5-10 minutes. Moist heat penetrates deeper, making it more effective on large muscles.

Alternative: A hot tub or whirlpool is a moist heat option that can target more large muscle areas at once.

ICE VARIATIONS

Use on sprains example: ankle

Goal: Reduce swelling and control pain.

Variations:

- Ice bag Consists of ice cubes in a plastic bag. Put on body part for 20 minutes.
- Slush bath In a bucket or tub, combine ice and water. Submerge ankle/foot for 10-15 minutes. This is especially good for treating the entire joint.
- Ice cup massage Freeze water in a cup. Massage cup over the area for 10-12 minutes.
- Commercial ice pack Rub on injury for no more than 20 minutes. To prevent frostbite, place barrier between ice pack and joint.

Warning: Do not apply ice treatments for more than 20 minutes. Be sure the area goes numb; this is all you need. Then, remove the ice. Watch for skin to return completely back to normal before reapplying.

COOLING CREAM

Use on areas of pain example: shoulder or back

Goal: Provide temporary relief.

Instructions: Cooling creams minimally enter the skin. They create more of a cooling sensation than actually going into the muscle tissue. Apply the topical cream as directed. As with other hot or cold treatments, avoid open wounds.

Source: Marshfield Clinic

